Department of Zoology

M.Sc. Zoology M.Sc. Zoology

Course Contents & Syllabi



HNB Garhwal University

(Central University)

Srinagar Garhwal Uttaranchal

M.Sc. Zoology

M.Sc. 1st Semester (July to November)

Code	Course	LTPC	MM
SOLS/Zool/C 001	Animal Diversity I – (Lower Non-Chordata)	3003	100
SOLS/Zool/C 002	Cell Biology & Molecular Biology	3003	100
SOLS/Zool/C 003	Genetics, Evolution & Taxonomy	3003	100
SOLS/Zool/C 004	Developmental Biology & Parasitology	3003	100
SOLS/Zool/C 005	Lab Course I Based on C001 & C002	0033	100
SOLS/Zool/C 006	Lab Course II Based on C003 & C004	0033	100
	Core Credits = 18		600

M.Sc. 2nd Semester (December to April)

Code	Course	LTPC	MM
SOLS/Zool/C 007	Animal Diversity-II (Higher Non-Chordata)	3003	100
SOLS/Zool/C 008	Animal Physiology	3003	100
SOLS/Zool/C 009	Instrumentation, Computer Application and Biostatistics	3003	100
SOLS/Zool/C 010	Elementary Biotechnology & Microbiology	3003	100
SOLS/Zool/C 011	Lab Course I Based C007 & C008	0033	100
SOLS/Zool/C 012	Lab Course II Based C009 & C010	0033	100
		Total	600
SOLS/Zool/SS01	Basic Bioinformatics	0003	100
SOLS/Zool/SS02	Human Population Genetics	0003	100

Core Credits = 18

M.Sc. 3rd Semester (July to November)

Code	Course	LTPC	MM
SOLS/Zool/C 013	Animal Diversity (Chordata)	3003	100
SOLS/Zool/C 014	Ecology & Wildlife	3003	100
SOLS/Zool/C 015	Lab Course Based on C013 & C014	0033	100
SOLS/Zool/E 01a	Fish Biology I	3003	100
SOLS/Zool/E 01b	Entomology I		
SOLS/Zool/E 01c	Environmental Biology I		
SOLS/Zool/E 01d	Reproductive Biology I		
SOLS/Zool/E 02a	Fish Biology II	3003	100
SOLS/Zool/E 02b	Entomology II		
SOLS/Zool/E 02c	Environmental Biology II		
SOLS/Zool/E 02d	Reproductive Biology II		
SOLS/Zool/E 03	Lab Course Based on E001a/b/c/d & E002 a/b/c/d	0003	100
		Total	600
SOLS/Zool/SS03	Biological & Radiotracer Techniques	0003	100
SOLS/Zool/SS04	Aquatic Biodiversity	0003	100
	Core Credits 09 + Elective Credits 09	; Total Credi	ts = 18

M.Sc. 4th Semester (December to April)

Code	Course	LTPC	ММ
SOLS/Zool/C 016	Endocrinology & Animal Behaviour	3003	100
SOLS/Zool/C 017	Biochemistry & Immunology	3003	100
SOLS/Zool/C 018	Lab Course Based on C016 & C017	0033	100
SOLS/Zool/E 04a	Fisheries Science	3003	100
SOLS/Zool/E 04b	Applied Entomology		
SOLS/Zool/E 04c	Applied Environmental Biology		
SOLS/Zool/E 04d	Applied Reproductive Biology		
SOLS/Zool/E 05a	Methodology in Fishery Science	3003	100
SOLS/Zool/E 05b	Methodology in Entomology		
SOLS/Zool/E 05c	Methodology in Environmental Biology		
SOLS/Zool/E 05d	Methodology in Reproductive Biology		
SOLS/Zool/E 06	Lab Course Based E004 a/b/c/d & E005 a/b/c/d	0033	100
SOLS/Zool/E 07	Dissertation *	0066	100
		Total	500/600*
SOLS/Zool/E 008	Report based on Field work/Excursion –organized by the Department	0033	100
SOLS/Zool/SS05	Cold Water Fisheries	0003	100
SOLS/Zool/SS06	Environmental Biotechnology	0 0 03	100
* Students securing Minimum 7.5 CGPA in I & II Semester together can opt for			
dissertation			

Grand Total:Core Credit 54 + Elective Credits 18 = 72

Max. Marks for each paper: 100 (40 – Sessional Tests + 60 End Term Test)

Sessional (Mid Term Test, Assignment, Classroom Seminar & Laboratory Work, Internship, Industrial/Institutional visits, Winter/Summer Training based report Writing & Presentation, Report based on field trips, excursion organized by Department etc.)

All 2-year Master's Programmes will have the following components, viz.

(i) Core Course **(C)** Minimum 54 credits

(ii) Electives **(E)** Minimum 18 credits

(iii) Self study course (SS) Maximum 09 credits (one minimum 03 credits course shall be

mandatory but not to be included while calculating the grades)

* M.Sc. 4th Semester – Core Course 3 (2 Theory +1 Lab Courses of 3 credits each), Elective Courses 3 (2 Theory + 1 Lab Courses of 3 credits each) / 1 Theory of 3 Credits + 1 Dissertation of 6 Credits), Dissertation be allotted in the beginning of 3rd semester to the students securing more than 7.5 CGPA & Second Semester together).

SOLS/Zool/C001 Animal Diversity I (Lower Non-Chordata)

No. of Credits = 3

UNIT I

Major and minor Invertebrate phyla: General characters, organization, classification up to order and their types. Origin and evolution of lower and higher invertebrates. Overview of economic importance of invertebrates.

UNIT II

Protozoa: Comparative morphology of all classes. Locomotor organelles and locomotion. Nutrition: holophytic, holozoic, saprozoic, myxotrophic and parasitic. Reproduction: A sexual and sexual reproduction, parthenogenesis, regeneration.

UNIT III

Porifera: Comparative morphology of allclasses. Types of canal system Reproduction: A sexual, sexual reproduction and regeneration in sponges.

UNIT IV

Coelenterata: Comparative morphology of all classes. Polymorphism, Coral reefs & formation, Affinities of Ctenophora.

Helminthes: Comparative external and internal morphology of platyhelminthes and Aschelminthes.

- 1. Barnes: Invertebrate Zoology (4th ed.), Holt-Saunders, 1980.
- 2. Barrington: Invertebrate Structure and function, Nelson, 1987.
- 3. Iyer: A Manual of Zoology, Part I. Viswanathan, 1973.
- 4. Hickman, Roberts & Hickman: Integrated principles of Zoology (7th ed)
 - Times-Mirror, Mosby, 1984.
- 5. Kotpal, Agrawal & Khetrapal: Modern Text-book of Zoology, Invertebrates. Rastogi, 1976.
- 7. Marshall & William: Text book of Zoology, Vol I (Parker & Haswell, 7th ed.) Macmillian, 1972.

SOLS/Zool/C002Cell Biology & Molecular Biology

No. of Credits = 3

Cell Biology

UNIT I

Ultra structure of pro-and eukaryotic cells.

Plasma membrane: Structure - organisation, lipid bilayer, proteins & glycoconjugates, liposomes. Function- lonic transport, transporter proteins, types of transport (symport, antiport, active & passive, endocytosis, exocytosis).

Endomembrane system: Intracellular compartments/organelles involved in protein sorting, secretory and endocytic pathways.

Cytoskeleton: Components & functions & derived organelles (cilium, flagellum).

Mitochondria: Structure function & genetic organisation. Ribosome: Biosynthesis & formation in nucleolus.

UNIT II

Signal Transductions

Cell signaling-types of signaling. Cell surface receptor mediated signaling.

Cell cycle: Molecular events during interphase, genetic regulation of cell cycle (including yeast as model system). Cellular transformation and malignancy. Retroviruses, Apoptosis and causes of cancer.

Molecular Biology

UNIT III

The central Dogma of Molecular Biology.

DNA: Structure and conformation, supercoiling, packing of DNA into chromosomes. Structural polymorphism of DNA & RNA. Three dimensional structure of t-RNA.

UNIT IV

DNA replication. Genetic code.

Transcription and translation in prokaryotes and eukaryotes. RNA processing. Mutations & DNA repair systems.

- 1. Mayr: Animal species and Evolution Belknap Press, 1966.
- 2. Moody: Introduction to evolution (Indian Edition) Kalyani Publ., 1978.
- 3. Strickberger: Evolution, (Indian Edition). CBS Publ., 1994.
- 4. Richard Swann Lull: Organic Evolution Seema Publications, 1976
- 5. Simpson G.G.: Principles of Animal Taxonomy, Columbia Univ. Press, 1961.
- 6. Mayr, E. Systematics and the Origin of Species, Columbia Univ. Press, 1942.
- 7. Blackwelder RE: Guide to the Taxonomic Literature of Vertebrates, Iowa State Univ. Press, 1972.

SOLS/Zool/C003 Genetics, Evolution & Taxonomy

No. of Credits = 3

Genetics

UNIT I

Monohybrid and Dihybrid crosses with molecular explanations. Incomplete and Co dominance, Gene interaction, Lethal Alleles, Multiple Alleles, Pedigrees.

Modification of Dihybrid Ratios and their biochemical basis. Fine structure of Gene. Statistical Applications in Genetics (Probability and Significance Testing).

UNIT II

Linkage and Crossing over, Genetic mapping techniques. Sex Linked inheritance and genetic disorders.

Mutations and Chromosomal Aberrations.

Operon hypothesis, Lac operon (positive and negative control). Regulation of gene expression in eukaryotes.

Population Genetics: Hardy Weinberg equilibrium, Genotypic and Allelic frequencies, Inbreeding, Random mating, Genetic Drift.

Evolution

UNIT III

Natural Selection: Types of Selection and Selection coefficient. Role of Mutation in Evolution, (Gene mutation, Mutation Rates, Mutation and selection, Genetic Polymorphism).

Speciation: Isolating mechanism, Modes of Speciation (Allopatric, Sympatric, Parapatric).

Micro and Macroevolution.

Animal Distribution: Zoogeographical division of the World (Characteristics and Fauna). Island Biogeography theory. Fossils and fossilization.

Taxonomy

UNIT IV

Theories of biological classification, Linnaean hierarchy.

Stages in taxonomy, Importance of Taxonomy.

Nomenclature: ICZN, Taxon, Rank and Categories. Important rules of Nomenclature, Latin words and abbreviations.

Biological Species Concepts (Polytypic and monotypic species, Subspecies).

Taxonomic characters and taxonomic keys. Preservation of collected material and curating

- 1. Gardner, Gimmons and Snustad: Principles of Genetics, John Wiley & Sons.
- 2. Robert, H. Tamarin: Principles of Genetics, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Daniel L. Hartl and M. Ruvolo: Genetics Analysis of Genes and Genomes, Jones and Bartlett India Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. William S. Klung Cummings, Spencer and Palldino: Concepts of Genetics, Pearson Education, Pearson Benjamin Cummings.
- 5. Benjamin A. Peirce: Genetics A conceptual Approach, W.H. Freeman and Company
- 6. TA Brown: Gene Cloning and DNA Analysis and Introduction, Wiley-Blackwell.
- 7. Allendorf, Luikart, Aitken: Conservation and the Genetics of Populations, Wiley-Blackwell.
- 8. Strickberger: Evolution, Jones and Bartlett Publishers.
- 9. Species Evolution: Role of Chromosomal Change, Cambridge University Press.
- 10. Ernst Mayr and Ashlock: Principles of Systematic Zoology, McGraw-Hill.
- 11. Ashok Verma: Principles of animal Taxonomy, Alpha Science International Ltd.
- 12. Judith E. Winston: Describing Species Practical and Taxonomic procedure for biologists, Columbia University Press.
- 13. V.C. Kapoor: Theory and Practice of Animal Taxonomy, Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd.

SOLS/Zool/C004 Developmental Biology & Parasitology

No. of Credits = 3

Developmental Biology

UNIT I

Development and differentiation of sperm and oocytes, capacitation, vitellogenesis.

Mechanism of fertilization acrosomal reaction, cortical reaction and fertilization membrane.

Blocks to polyspermy, Parthenogenesis.

Cellular differentiation (transcriptional regulation of gene expression, differential RNA processing and translation).

Concept of organiser and embryonic inductions: primary, secondary & tertiary cellular interactions.

Eye morphogenesis.

UNIT II

Development in Drosophila: Cleavage, gastrulation; Molecular basis of development, maternal-effect genes, segmentation genes and homeotic selector genes.

Metaplasia & trans differentiation.

Lymphocyte differentiation and genomic alterations.

Limb morphogenesis. Regeneration, Teratogens.

Metamorphosis: Insect, Amphibian metamorphosis.

Parasitology

UNIT III

Parasitism and evolution of parasitism.

Protozoan parasites: Biology, life cycle and diseases caused by selected pathogenic protozoans of man their preventive and control measures (*Entamoeba histolytica*, Trypanosomes, *Leishmania donovani*, *Trichomonas vaginalis*, *Giardia intestinalis* & *Plasmodium*).

UNIT IV

Parasitic adaptations in Platyhelminthes and Aschelminthes. Common trematode, cestode and nematode parasites. Biology, life history and preventive measures of economically important helminth parasites of man and domesticated animals (*Ascaris, Schistosoma, Fasciola, Wuchereria, Taenia*)

Introduction to arthropods and vectors of human diseases (mosquitoes, lice, flies & ticks).

Parasitism in Crustacea

Recommended Books

- 1. Gilbert: Developmental Biology. Sinauers Associates Publ. Massachusetts, 1997.
- 2. Balinsky: An Introduction to Embryology. W.B. Saunders Company. Philadelphia and London.
- 3. Berill: Development Biology. Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd
- 4. Casselman: Histochemical techniques, John Wiley, 1959.
- 5. Smyth (1994): Introduction to Animal Parasitology Cambridge University Press
- 6. Chatterjee: Parasitology, Chatterjee Medical Publisher, 1981.
- 7. Read: Animal Parasites, Prentice Hall, 1977.
- 8. Schmidt & Roberts 1989 William & WilkinsFoundations of Parasitology (IVth ed.)

SOLS/Zool/C 005 Lab Course Based on C001 & C002

SOLS/Zool/C 006 Lab Course Based on C003 & C004

SOLS/Zool/C007 Animal Diversity II (Higher Non-Chordata)

No. of Credits = 3

UNIT I

Minor Group: Classifications to order level, Characters and Affinities of Phoronida and Rotifera.

UNIT II

Annelida: Classification to order level, Comparative morphology of all classes, Coelom, Segmental organs.

Arthropoda: Classification to order level, Appendages & Mouth parts in insects, Larval forms in Crustacea, Arachnida.

Organization and Affinities of Onychophora.

UNIT III

Mollusca: Classification to order level, Comparative morphology of all classes, Major features of the Respiratory and Reproductive Systems, Larval forms, Torsion, Pearl formation.

UNIT IV

Echinodermata: Classification to order level, Water vascular system, Larval forms and affinities.

- 1. Kotpal R.L: Modern Text Book of Zoology: Invertebrates, Rastogi Publications.
- 2. Nigam H C: : Biology of Non-Chordates, Nagin Chand, 1985.
- 3. Parker TJ & Haswell WA: A Text book of Zoology Vol I & II, McMillan
- 4. Hyman L: Invertebrate Series, Academic Press
- 5. Starr et al: Biology, The Unity and Diversity of Life
- 6. Twenhofel et al: Principles of Invertebrate Palaeontology
- 7. Doyle P: Understanding Fossils Invertebrate Palaeontology

SOLS/Zool/C008 Animal Physiology

No. of Credits = 3

UNIT I

Physiology of respiration: Exchange of respiratory gases at the pulmonary surface. Transport of respiratory gases by blood. Factors affecting oxyhaemoglobin dissociation. Neural and chemical control of respiration.

Physiology of digestion & absorption: Functional anatomy of the gastrointestinal tract. Gastrointestinal motility and its regulation. Secretions of the gastrointestinal tract. Liver and biliary system.

Digestion and absorption of proteins, fats and carbohydrates.

Physiology of excretion: Formation of urine: Functional anatomy of the kidney. Glomerular filtration and its control. Reabsorptions & secretions in the tubules. Mechanisms of active transport. Excretion and control of urea, sodium, potassium and other ions.

UNIT II

Physiology of cardiovascular system: Characteristics of vertebrate cardiac muscle. Initiation, conduction and regulation of heart beat. Cardiac cycle and cardiac output.

Regulation of cardiac amplitude and frequency. ECG and myocardial infarction. Blood pressure and its regulation.

Circulation (open and closed, blood composition and function). Blood groups.

The cascade of biochemical reactions involved in coagulation of blood. Blood groups. Lymphatic systems.

UNIT III

Nervous system: Neuron - the basic functional unit, the sensory & motor divisions.

lonic basis of resting and action potentials of neurons, significance of myelinated nerve fibers and velocity of conduction. Physiologic anatomy of the synapse.

Mechanism of synaptic transmission, transmitters (acetylcholine, norepinephrine, histamine, GABA). Reflexes and types of reflexes.

Neuromuscular physiology: Structural proteins of muscle cells, actin myosin complex and source of energy for contraction. Sliding filament theory of muscle contraction. Excitation-contraction coupling.

UNIT IV

Sensory physiology: The eye and visual processes - Functional anatomy of the structural elements of the retina. Photochemistry of vision. Extraretinal photoreception. Visual adaptations in vertebrates.

The ear and auditory processes - Tympanic membrane and the ossicular system. Conduction of sound from tympanum to cochlea. Functional anatomy of cochlea. Sound transmission in cochlea.

Mechanism of thermoregulation in poikilotherms, homeotherms and heterotherms. Aestivation and hibernation.

- 1.Knut Schmidt-Nielsen. Animal physiology-Adaptation and Environment. Cambridge University Press (1979) (1)
- 2.Lauralee Sherwood, Hillar Klandorf, and Paul Yancey. Animal Physiology: From Genes to Organisms. Cengage Learning (2012)
- 3.Richard W. Hill, Gordon A. Wyse, Margaret Anderson Animal Physiology, 3rd Ed-Sinauer Associates, Inc. (2012)
- 4. Srivastava A K. Animal Physiology and Biochemistry S. Chand Publications (1986)
- 5. Singh H. R and Kumar N. Animal Physiology and Biochemistry. Vishal Publishing Co.
- 6. Guyton and Hall: Text Book of Medical Physiology. W B Saunders Company

SOLS/Zool/C009 Instrumentation, Computer Application and Biostatistics

No. of Credits = 3

Instrumentation

UNIT I

Principles and applications of Microscopy: Light, phase contrast, transmission electron microscopy (TEM & SEM). Colorimeter, Spectrophotometer.

UNIT II

Centrifugation. Clinical, high-speed and ultracentrifuges.

Chromatography: Paper, thin layer chromatography, GLC.

Electrophoresis: Agarose, Polyacrylamide, two-dimensional gel electrophoresis

Computer Application

UNIT III

Introduction to Computers: Mini, micro, mainframe and super computers; Components of a computer system (CPU, I/O units). Data storage device, Memory concepts.

Software and types of software.

Computer applications in biology and information communications (databases, e-mail and local networks).

Biostatistics

UNIT IV

Biostatistics: Importance of statistics in biological research. Introduction to some distributions of random variables: Binomial, Poisson, normal. Basic/Descriptive statistics: Measures of central tendency and measures of dispersion. Skewness & kurtosis. Simple correlation and linear regression (scatter diagram, regression coefficients, regression lines).

Elementary idea of random variables. Students-t, chi-square and F-Tests of Significance testing and their purpose: Introduction to Statistical softwares. MS Excel and their purpose.

- 1. Hoel, P.G.: Elementary Statistics. John Wiley & Sons, Inc. New York.
- 2. Mahajan: Methods in Biostatistics, (4th ed.). Jaypee Bros. 1984.
- 3. Milton & Tsokos: Statistical Methods in Biological and Health Sciences, McGraw Hill, 1983.
- 4. Sokal & Rohlf: Introduction to Biostatistics. Freeman, Toppan, 1973.
- 5. D. Rajaraman & V. Rajaraman: Computer Primer (2nd ed.). Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
- 6. Roger Hunt & John Shelley: Computer and Commonsense. Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
- 7. Peter Norton's: Introduction to Computers with CD-ROM, 2nd ed.. Tata McGram Hill.
- 8. Zar JH: Biostatistical Analysis. Pearson.
- 9. Sharma, V.K.: Techniques in Microscopy and Cell Biology Tata McGraw Hill
- 10. Baunthiyal, Ravi and Saxena, Comprehensive Laboratory Mannual of Life Science, Scientific Publishers.

SOLS/Zool/C010 Elementary Biotechnology & Microbiology

No. of Credits = 3

Biotechnology

UNIT I

Biotechnology: History, definition & Scope.

General steps of Gene cloning-cutting, legation, transformation and analysis of clones, genomic & C-DNA library.

A general idea of cloning vectors based on plasmid & phages, blotting techniques, DNA-sequencing, polymerase chain reaction.

UNIT II

Gene therapy, DNA finger printing, Transgenic animals and plants. Potential hazards of recombinant DNA technology.

Products of recombinant DNA technology, Human genome project and its applications.

Microbiology

UNIT III

Microbiology: Bacteria - classification, staining techniques, pathological significance.

Physiology, genetics & reproduction of viruses of plants and animals, Bactriophage, lysogenic & lytic cycle, Bacterial genetics.

Microbial culture techniques & media enrichment techniques.

Microbial fermentation: Microbes in decomposition and recycling processes.

Microbes as pathological agents in plants, animals and man.

UNIT IV

Laboratory facilities, culture media for animal cell culture, Primary culture, cell lines and cloning, Tissue and organ culture, Transfection methods & transgenic animals. Molecular markers CRFLPs, RAPDs, minisatellites, microsatellites. Application of animal cell culture.

Recommended Books:

- 1. Pelczar: Microbiology, Tata McGraw Hill,1993
- 2. Davis: Microbiology (3rd ed.) Harper & Row, Publ. Inc., 1980
- 3. R C Dubey: Text Book of Biotechnology, S Chand and Co.
- 4. Ananthanaraya and Paniker: Text Book of Microbiology. Orient Longman Pvt Ltd.
- 5. P K Gupta: Elements of Biotechnology, Rastogi Publications

SOLS/Zool/C 011 Lab Course Based on C007 & C008

SOLS/Zool/C 012 Lab Course Based on C009 & C010

Self Study Course

SOLS/Zool/SS01 Basic Bioinformatics

No. of Credits = 3

UNIT I

Biology & IT, Computers in biology & medicine, Introduction to Genomics, Proteomics, Drug Design, etc.

Introduction to networking. Networking protocols. LAN, MAN, WAN, Internet (www), FTP.

UNIT II

Biological sequence data banks (GENBANK, EMBL, PDB, SWISSPROT).

Sequence alignments (Global & Local), Algorithms used (Dynamic & Heuristic) -

Needleman Wunsch, Smith Waterman, BLAST, FASTA; Substitution matrices .

UNIT III

Sequence analysis using s/w tools (DNASIS, GENESCAN).

Introduction to Phylogenetic trees, Algorithms for construction of phylogenetic trees.

UNIT IV

Molecular structure prediction, RNA secondary structure prediction and algorithm used.

Introduction to Human genome project.

Introduction to Bio Perl.

- 1. Attwood & Smith: Introduction to Bioinformatics, Pearson Education Pt. Ltd., 2004.
- 2. Arsthur M. Lest: Introduction to Bioinformatics, Oxford University Press, 2002.
- 3. Bioinformatics-Sequence, structure and Databanks, 4th ed. Oxford University Press, 2006.
- 4. Lacroix and Critchlow: Bioinformatics-Managing Scientific Data, 1st ed., Margan Kaufmann Publishers, 2003.
- 5. Misener and Krawetz: Bioinformatics-Methods & Protocol, Vol. 132, Human Press, New Jersey, 2003.

SOLS/Zool/SS02 Human Population Genetics

No. of Credits = 3

UNIT I

Definition, aim and scope of population genetics, Mendelian principles of inheritance and their relevance to human populations. The Mendelian population, gene pool.

UNIT II

Mutations in Man- Determining the human mutation rate, selection, Fitness, Balance. Hardy – Weinberg Law and its applications in human populations genetics.

Population distance - Genetic Distance, Morphological distance and population heterogeneity.

UNIT III

Genetic polymorphism – Concept, Balanced and transient stages models explaining maintenance of genetic polymorphism.

Heterozygans selection, Intra uterine selection, fitness as a function of gene frequency.

UNIT IV

Genetic isolates – Formation and disintegration, genetic consequences of isolate formation with special reference to genetic drift.

Genetic and variability of (i) Skin pigmentation (normal & induced) (ii) dermal ridge patterns (iii) serological traits (ABO, MN, Rh & secreted factors).

- 1. Caualli-Sforza, L.L.: The genetic of Human Population Crow.
- 2. Kimura, M: An Introduction to Population Genetic Theory, Harrison and Boyce.
- 3. Stern, Curt: Principles of Human Genetics.
- 4. Vogel, F. & Matulsky A.G.: Human Genetics: Problems & Approaches.

SOLS/Zool/C 013 Animal Diversity (Chordata)

No. of Credits = 3

UNIT I

General Characters, classification, development of Urochordata and Cephalochordata.

Affinities of Hemichordata, Urochordata & Cephalochordata.

UNIT II

General Characters, Classification and affinities of Cyclostomata

Salient features of different groups of fishes; comparison between Chondrichthyes and Osteichthyes; Dipnoi.

Origin and evolution of Amphibia; Parental care in Amphibia

UNIT III

General characters and classification of Reptilia and Aves.

Origin of Reptilia and adaptive radiation in Reptilia. Characters and affinities of Chelonia and Rhynchocephalia

Origin and ancestory of birds, Characters and affinities of Ratitae

Origin and mechanism of flight in birds.; Palate in birds.; Migration in birds.

UNIT IV

General characters and classification of mammals.

Origin of mammals.

Characters and affinities of Prototheria and Metatheria; Dentition in mammals

Aquatic and flying adaptations in mammals; Adaptive radiation in mammals.

Recommended Books:

- Parker T.J. & Haswell WA: A Text Book of Zoology, Vol II, ed. 7th, Macmillan & Co. Ltd, London, 1962.
- 2. Young JZ: The Life of Vertebrates, Oxford, 1950.
- 3. R L Kotpal: Modern Text Book of Zoology Vertebrates; Rastogi Publications.

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SOLS/Zool/C014 Ecology & Wildlife

No. of Credits = 3

UNIT I

Ecology:

Limiting Factors: Biotic and Abiotic Factors Limits population Distribution. Liebig's law of minimum, Shelford's law of tolerance. Factor interactin.

Habitat Ecology: Concepts of habitats (Desert, Arid and Semi-arid, Subtropical, Temperate, Alpine, Wetlands, Marshes, Riverine, Lakes). Forest Types, Vegetation Structure and Storeys, Ecotone, Edges, Habitat fragmentation. Habitat Management. Use of Toposheets and GIS Imageries.

UNIT II

Population: Concepts and Attributers; Biotic potential, Density, Natality, Intrinsic rate of natural Increase .

Population Growth: Logistic theory, Stochastic models.

Species Interaction: Predation, Prey-predator relationship, Mutualism, minimum viable population.

UNIT III

Wildlife

Biodiversity: Factors influencing biodiversity, species diversity, Endemism, Indicator species.

Physiography of India: Biogeographic zones, biotic provinces and their faunal composition.

Himalayan Region: Habitat types, distribution of endangered fauna.

UNIT IV

Wildlife population estimation techniques: Transects, Drive counts, Aerial Counts, Point counts, Quadrates.

Population indices: Camera traps, natural marking, pug marks, cells, dung, pallets, scats, tags, rings.

Capturing, Handling and Immobilization of Wildlife: Types of Traps, Trap setting. Methods for Capturing.

(Fish, Reptiles, Birds and Mammals). Darts and Guns, Drugs and Antagonists used.

Radiotelemetry: Radio collars, antenna and receivers, satellite collars (insects to mammals).

IUCN categories for Conservation, Indian Wildlife Protection Act, CITES, WWF.

Captive Breeding: Role of Central Zoo Authority in Conservation.

Use of Biotechnology in Conservation: Collection, Extraction and Preservation of DNA samples from Wild. Amplification, Sequencing and Molecular markers. Ancient DNA.

Recommended Books.

- 1. Odum: Fundamentals of Ecology, Saunders Co. Publ., 1993 Indian ed.
- 2. Ricklef: Ecology, Newton Mass, Chiron Press.
- 3. Krebs: Ecology (4th ed.) Harper Collins College Publisher
- 4. Majupuria T C: Wildlife Wealth of India Craftsman Press Service, Bangkok
- 5. Robert H. Giles: Wildlife Management Techniques (3rd ed.) Natraj Publishers, Dehradun, 1981
- 6. Menon, Vivek: Indian Mammals: A Field Guide. Hachette Book Publishing India Pvt. Ltd.
- 7. Sutherland, William: Ecological Census Techniques. Cambridge University Press
- 8. Richard D. Teague: A Manual of Wildlife Conservation Nataraj Publishers, 1989.
- 9. Smith RL: Ecology and Field Biology, Harper Collins Publ. 1996.
- Bookhout, A. Theodore: Research and Management Techniques for Wildlife Habitats. The Wildlife Society,
 Bethesda, 1996
- 11. Prater, S.H.: The Book of Indian Animals, BNHS, Oxfor University Press 1993.

SOLS/Zool/C 015 Lab Course Based on C013 & C014

SOLS/Zool/E 01 a) Fish Biology I

No. of Credits = 3

UNIT I

Systematics and Phylogeny

Introduction and History of Ichthyology. Zoogeographical distribution, Origin, evolution, and phylogeny of fishes. Schemes of classification of fossil and recent fishes. General Characters of Teleost and Elasmobranch fishes.

UNIT II

Agnatha: Characters, basic biology and affinities of Cyclostomes and Ostracoderms.

Placoderms: General characters and affinities.

Holocephali: Salient features external and internal morphology and affinities.

Dipnoi: Salient features and affinities.

UNIT III

Comparative Morphology of Teleosts and Elasmobranchs

Integuments (Teleosts and Elasmobranchs), colouration and its significance, mechanism of colour change.

Exoskeleton: Structure and development of placoid and nonplacoid scales. Fins and their origin.

Skeletal system: Skull. Vertebrae, Girdles, Opercular bones, Pharyngeal bones in teleosts and elasmobranch.

UNIT IV

Comparative morphology of following organs in teleosts and elasmobranchs.

Alimentary canal and associated glands. Modifications based on different feeding behaviour.

Structure of heart, afferent and efferent branchial arteries.

Structure of a Gill and Pseudobranch.

Brain and cranial nerves. Urinogenital system.

Recommended Books:

- 1. Kyle: The Biology of Fishes, 2007.
- 2. Khanna S. S. & Singh H.R.: A Text Book of Fish Biology & Fisheries, Narendra Publ. House, 2014
- 3. Srivastava C.B.L.: Fish Biology, Narendra Publication House, 2008.
- 4. S K Gupta and P K Gupta: General and Applied Ichthyology, S Chand and Co.

M.Sc. Zoology 3rd Sem.

UNIT I

Introduction to external morphology: body wall, segmentation. The head: structure of head; appendages, and antennae. The thorax: pro, meso and metathorax; legs. The wings: origin, structure and articulation. The abdomen: structure, appendages; external female and male genitalia.

UNIT II

Classification of insect with special reference to that of different orders. General characters, habits, habitats, importance of the insect orders-Collembola, Protura, Diplura, Thysanura, Ephimerida, Placoptera, Odonata.

General characters, habits, habitats, importance of the insect orders-Embioptera, Orthoptera, Phasmida, Dermaptera, Blattaria, Menteodea, Isoptera, Zoraptera.

UNIT III

General characters, habits, habitats, importance of the insect orders-Psocoptera, Thysanoptera, Heteroptera, Homoptera, Anoplura, Neuroptera, Megaloptera, Trichoptera.

UNIT IV

General characters, habits, habitats, importance of the insect orders-Coleoptera, Strepsiptera, Hymenoptera, Lepidoptera, Diptera.

- 1. Metcal & Flint: Destruction and useful Insects, Tata McGraw-Hill, 1979.
- Ayyar, TVR: Hand Book of Economic Entomology for South India, International Book & Periodical Supply Service, 1984.
- 3. Pruthi HS: Text Book on Agricultural Entomology, ICAR Publication, 1969.
- 4. Fernald HT, HH Shepard: Applied Entomology, McGraw-Hill, 1955
- 5. Frost SW: Insect life and insect Natural History, Dover Publication, New Yark, 1959.
- Mehta PR & Varma BK: Plant Protection, Directorate of Extention, Ministry of Food,
 Community development & Co –operation, New Delhi, 1968.
- 7. Ananthakrishnan TR: Applied Entomology
- 8. Evans JW: Insect Pests and Their Control, Periodical Expert Book Agency, 1984.
- 9. Bhutani DK & Jotwani MG: Insects in Vegetables, Periodical Expert Book Agency

SOLS/Zool/E 01c Environmental Biology I

No. of Credits = 3

UNIT I

Introduction to Environmental biology, its multidisciplinary nature and scope.

Components of Environment: atmosphere, lithosphere & hydrosphere.

Climate (micro, regional and global); Hydrological cycle; Soil profile.

Changing interactions between man and environment (cultural, political, ecological).

UNIT II

Terrestrial biomes of the world their characteristics and major biota (Grassland, Desert, Forest, Tundra).

Aquatic biomes (lotic, lentic, marine, estuaries, coral reef), their status.

Wetlands of India. Environmental adaptations: Aquatic, Aerial, Desert, Arboreal, Fossorial, Defensive.

UNIT III

Island biogeography theory.

Habitat fragmentation, Habitat selection, Corridors, Community patterns (gradients and Continuum), Community indices. Ecological niche.

Population cycles and fluctuations; Dispersal. Intra & Inter specific relationship.

Models of succession; Pioneer & climax concept.

UNIT IV

Concept of biological indicators; biological monitoring; Indicator organisms.

Invasive species and its impact.

Biological control: Biomagnification, Bioassimilation & Bioaccumulation.

Elementary Toxicology, Xenobiotics: Carcinogenic (heavy metals, radioactive substances and pesticides) their chemical nature.

Recommended Books:

- 1. Dash and Dash, Fundamentals of Ecology, Tata Mc Graw Hill Co.
- 2. Singh and Kumar, Ecology and Environmental Science, Vishal Publishing Co, Jalandhar
- 3. Sharma, P.D. Ecology and Environment, Rastogi Publications, meerut
- 4. Joshi and Joshi, A Text Book of Ecology and Environment, Himalaya Publishing House.

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SOLS/Zool/E 01d Reproductive Biology I

No. of Credits = 3

UNIT I

Sex Genetics: Sex determination, Gondal Differentiation and development.

Role of Y chromosomes (mammals) and autosomes and sex hormones.

Sex hormones and differentation of brain and reproductive behaviour.

UNIT II

Hormones of Reproduction: Gonadotropins, Chemistry and Synthesis.

Sex steroids: Synthesis (Λ 4 and Λ 5 pathways) & excretion of steroids.

Mechanism of action: GnRH, androgens, estradiol and progesterone.

UNIT III

Endocrine control of male reproduction (rat/man).

Hormonal control of spermatogenesis, Androgen binding protein (ABP), Inhibin.

Neurendocrine control of testicular functions (Gn RH regulation, FSH- effects on germinal epitheluim, LH-effects on Leydig cells, negative feedback regulation).

UNIT IV

Endocrine control of female reproduction (rat/man)

Hormonal control of ovulation. The ovary and the reproductive tract. The ovarian cycle.

Folliculogenesis, Ovulation, formation & degeneration of corpus luteum. Neurendocrine control of ovarian function. (GnRH secretion, FSH LH-effects on developing follicles, ovulation, corpus luteum formation & function, cellular effects of LH, FSH in hormone production). Foetoplacental Unit and Feedback mechanisms. Estrus & menstrual cycles. The Role of CNS, Hypothalamus and Pineal in Reproduction. Reproduction in wild animals. Timing of reproduction Phenomenon of seasonality. The Biological clock.

- 1. Richard W. Hill, Gordon A. Wyse, Margaret Anderson Animal Physiology, 3rd Ed-Sinauer Associates, Inc. (2012)
- 2. Singh H. R and Kumar N. Animal Physiology and Biochemistry. Vishal Publishing Co.
- 3. Guyton and Hall: Text Book of Medical Physiology. W B Saunders Company
- 4. Negi, CS, Introduction to Endocrinology, PHI Learning PVT LTD

SOLS/Zool/E 02a Fish Biology II

No. of Credits = 3

UNIT I

Specialized Characters

Accessory Respiratory organs in fishes.

Swim Bladder and its modifications, Blood supply of Air bladder, Gas secreting complex, Functions

Weberian ossicles: Structure and arrangement, Working mechanism and functions.

Electric organs: Structure, Mechanism of electric discharge, Functions.

Bioluminescence: Luminiscent organs, Mechanism of light emission, Significance.

Sound production in fishes

UNIT II

Fish Behaviour

Fish behavior: Social, ecological, reproductive, migratory, foraging behavior. Parental care in fishes.

Receptor organs: Eye, Acoustico-Lateralis system, olfactory organs and Taste buds

Migration in fishes: Pattern, Causes and Factors influencing. Parental care and viviparity in fishes.

Pheromones and their role in sexual behavior of fish

UNIT III

Fish Physiology and Embryology

Fertilization and development of fish egg (Teleost). Cleavage, Blastulation, Gastrulation and fate map.

Hatching and post-embryonic development.

Respiration: Functional organization of Gill lamellae, Blood supply of gill, Mechanism of gas exchange, Counter current mechanism.

Physiology of excretion and osmo-regulation, Mechanism of water- salt balance in freshwater, marine and estuarine fishes.

Reproductive physiology: Spawning patterns and stimulating factors, Follicular atresia.

Haemopoiesis: Composition of Blood, haemopoietic tissues, synthesis of Haemoglobin.

Physiology of Thermo-regulation in fishes.

UNIT IV

Fish Endocrinology and Biochemistry

Pituitary gland: Micro-anatomy, Hormones of Pituitary and their physiological actions.

Thyroid gland: Structure and function

Structure and functions of Pancreatic islets in fishes.

Location and functions of Corpuscles of Stannius, Pineal and Urophysis in fishes.

- 1. Kyle: The Biology of Fishes, 2007.
- 2. Singh H.R.: Advances in Fish Biology, Hindustan Publishing Corp., 1994.
- 3. Khanna S. S. & Singh H.R.: A Text Book of Fish Biology & Fisheries, Narendra Publ. House, 2014
- 4. Srivastava C.B.L.: Fish Biology, Narendra Publication House, 2008.

SOLS/Zool/E 02b Entomology II

No. of Credits = 3

UNIT I

Digestive system: structure, physiology of digestion and absorption of different types of food. Structure of circulatory system: haemolymph its composition and function. Physiology of respiration; the tracheal system, spiracles, respiration in aquatic insects. Nervous system: structural basis, Excretion: structure and physiology of malpighian tubules and its secondary functions. Reproduction: male and female gonads.

UNIT II

Structure of compound eye, mosatic vision. Production and reception of sound. Light producing organs. Hormones: neurosecretion and co-ordination, Metamorphosis: types, hormonal control of metamorphosis, Pheromones.

UNIT III

Structure of the insect egg, maturation, cleavage, formation of blastoderm, gastrulation, blastokinesis, germ layers, Various types of larvae and pupae, moulting, diapauses, Oviparity, viviparity, ovo-viviparity in insects.

UNIT IV

Abiotic factors: effect of temperature, light and humidity on growth of insect population; biotic potential, Malthusian principle and dynamics of population fluctuation, hibernation, aestivation. Biotic factors: parasitism, predation and social life in insects, phase theory of locust, parental care.

- 1. Mani MS: An Introduction to Entomology, National Book Trust, 1971.
- 2. Mani MS, Introduction to High Entomology, Mathuen & Coy. Ltd. 1962.
- 3. Snodgrass RE: Arthropod Anatomy, Comstock Publ. Associates, NY, 1952.
- 4. Wigglesworth VB: Insect Physiology, Cambridge University Press, 1954.
- 5. Essig EO: College Entomology, Satish Book Enterprise, Agra, 1982.
- 6. Fox RM & Fox JW: Introduction to Comparative Entomology. Affiliated East-West Press Pvt.
 - Ltd. New Delhi, 1968.
- 7. Little VA: General & Applied Entomology, Oxford & IBH Publ. Copy, 1963.
- 8. Imms AD: Insect Natural History, Collinns St. James's Place London, 1947.
- 9. Elzinga RJ: Fundamentals of Entomology, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 1978.
- 10. Comstock JH: An Introduction to Entomology, Comstock Publ. Coy. INC., 1950.
- 11. Richard DW and Davies RG: A General Text Book of Entomology, Mathuen & Coy., Ltd.

SOLS/Zool/E 02c Environmental Biology II

No. of Credits = 3

UNIT I

Natural Resources: Management & conservation; Renewable & non-renewable resources;

Concept and currencies of Sustainable development.

Biodiversity & its conservation. Environment Protection laws. Earth Summit, Rio+20.

UNIT II

Concept of Protected areas: Sanctuary, National Parks & Biosphere Reserves. IUCN. Categories Biodiversity hot spots, conventions on biodiversity.

International efforts in biodiversity conservation (UNFP, IUCN, WWF); CITES; UNESCO's World heritage mission; Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD).

UNIT III

Global Environmental Problems: Climate change, Green house effect; Acid rain; Ozone layer depletion; Deforestation; Desertification; Marine pollution; Urbanization.

Elementary Toxicology:

Exposure to Toxicants: Routes & sites of exposure (inhalation, injection & through food or intestinal).

Duration & frequency of exposure: Acute, subacute, chronic & subchronic.

Chemical nature of toxicants:

Mechanism of action: Receptors (Proteins), mechanism of action of DDT, Lead (Pb) & UV rays.

UNIT IV

Environmental Problems/Hazards in Hills: Earthquake; Land slide; Soil erosion;

Sedimentation; Cloud burst; Flash floods; Glacial retreat.

Application of Remote sensing & Geographical Information Systems (GIS) in environment management.

Disasters, their types and management

- 1. D.E. Hathwny: Molecularly aspects of Toxicology: The Royal Society of Chemistry, Burlington House, London.
- 2. V.V. Metelev, A.I. Kanaev & N.G. Dzasokhova: Water Toxicology Amerind Pub. Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 3. Omkar: Concepts of Toxicology, Shoban Lal Nagin Chand & Co. 64. B Bunglow Road, Delhi
- 4. Majupuria T C: Wildlife Wealth of India Craftsman Press Service, Bangkok

SOLS/Zool/E 02d Reproductive Biology II

No. of Credits = 3

UNIT I

Abiotic & Biotic factors influencing life. Zoogeographical regions of the world.

Physiographic diversity of Indian main land. Biogeography of India. Himalayan Biogeography.

Forest types of India. Representative fauna from different biogeographic zones.

Biological diversity: Genetic diversity. Taxonomic diversity, Functional diversity, Measurement of biodiversity (morphological & karyotypic variation, protein & DNA markers).

Evolution of diversity (e.g. birds). Species and speciation, Variation within species.

UNIT II

Population Ecology: Density, Dispersion, Age Structure, Sex ratio, Mortality, (Survivorship & Mortality curves). Natality. Population growth & regulation: Population growth (Exponential, Logistic) & Fecundity. Prey predator relationship. Interspecific and intraspecific competition: Territoriality and Home range. Resource partitioning and utilization.

UNIT III

Population Genetics: Genetic variation and evolution, Genetic heterozygocity (genotypes, phenotypes, sources of variation, Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium, nuclear and Mt DNA).

Gene flow, Inbreeding depression, Coefficients, Genetic drift, Minimal viable population.

UNIT IV

Reproductive patterns (mating, sexual selection, resource-based, genes based, Lek behaviour).

Reproductive isolation, ecological isolation. Reproductive efforts (Parental care, parental investment, parental energy budget). r selection, k selection. Endangered species: Cheetah, Project Elephant, Gir Lions, Tiger project, Musk deer. Sanctuaries and National parks of India.

Wildlife Trade. Role of NGO's, IBWL, WWF, IUCN, CITES. Wetlands, Wildlife Protection Act.

Recommended Books:

- 1. Dash and Dash, Fundamentals of Ecology, Tata Mc Graw Hill Co.
- 2. Singh and Kumar, Ecology and Environmental Science, Vishal Publishing Co, Jalandhar
- 3. Sharma, P D. Ecology and Environment, Rastogi Publications, meerut
- 4. Joshi and Joshi, A Text Book of Ecology and Environment, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 5. Majupuria T C: Wildlife Wealth of India Craftsman Press Service, Bangkok

SOLS/Zool/E 03 Lab Course Based on E 01 a/b/c/d & E 02 a/b/c/d

Self Study Course

SOLS/Zool/SS 03 Biological & Radiotracer Techniques

No. of Credits = 3

UNIT I

Analytical separation methods: Chromatography - General principle and application; Adsorption chromatography, Partition chromatography, Gas chromatography, liquid chromatography, Paper chromatography, Thin layer chromatography, Gel filtration chromatography, Ion exchange chromatography, Affinity chromatography, HPLC (High Performance/Pressure Liquid chromatography).

UNIT II

Electrophoresis - General principle and application; Paper electrophoresis, Moving boundary method, Gel electrophoresis (Native, Denaturing & Reducing), Disc Gel electrophoresis, Slab Gel electrophoresis, Isoelectrofocussing (IEF), Isotachophoresis.

UNIT III

Centrifugation: Basic principles. Common centrifuges used in laboratory (clinical, high speed & ultra centrifuges). Sedimentation rate, Sedimentation coefficient, Zonal centrifugation, Equilibrium density gradient centrifugation

Types of rotors (fixed angle, swing bucket), Types of centrifugation: Preparative, differential & density gradient.

Microscopy: Light, phase contrast, Fluorescence and Confocal microscopy, Scanning and Transmission Electron microscopy.

UNIT IV

Biosensors: Introduction & principles. First, second & third generation instruments, cell based biosensors, enzyme immunosensors.

Spectroscopic methods: principle and applications of UV-visible, IR, NMR, ESR Spectroscopy. Principle & application of X-ray crystallography.

Application of radioisotopes in biology. Properties and units of radioactivity., Radioactive isotopes and half life.

Measurement of radioactivity: GM Counter, gamma counter, liquid scintillation counter. Tracer techniques of Autoradiography, Radioimmunoassay., Safety rules in handling of radioisotopes and hazardous chemicals.

- 1. Sharma, V.K.: Techniques in Microscopy and Cell Biology Tata McGraw Hill, 1991.
- 2. Alberts et al.: Molecular Biology of the cell (2nd ed.), Garland, 1989.
- 3. Biochemical Technique: Theory & Practical J.F. Robyt & B.J. White \$ 30.95 Waveland Press, Inc.
- Wilson & Walker: Practical Biochemistry (4th ed) University of Hertfordshire Cambridge University Press
- 5. Jayraman: Laboratory Manual in Biochemistry

SOLS/Zool/SS 04 Aquatic Biodiversity

No. of Credits = 3

UNIT I

Biodiversity: Definition, Concept, Scope and measurement of biodiversity; Types of Biodiversity: Species, Genetic, Community, Ecosystem.; Factors governing biodiversity: Historical & Proximate; Endemic species: Definition, Concept, Scope, Hot spots

UNIT II

Types of aquatic ecosystem & biomes and their characteristics.; Freshwater biodiversity.; Marine biodiversity.; Biodiversity data bases of CMFRI, CIFRI, NBFGR.

UNIT III

Threats to habitats and Biological diversity in Freshwater and marine ecosystems.

Endangered species: Definition, Concept, Scope.; Conservation; Definition, Concept, Scope.

Physical and chemical characteristics of freshwater rivers, lakes, reservoirs and wetlands.

Over view of freshwater biodiversity in important Rivers, Lakes Reservoirs and Wetlands of India with emphasis on Himalaya.

UNIT IV

Impact of Hydroelectric Projects (HEP) on aquatic biodiversity.; Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA): Case studies.; Environmental flows: Importance for the aquatic flora & fauna.; Environmental flows assessment methodology: Hydrological, hydraulics rating, habitat simulation & holistic.

- 1. KJ Gaston & JI Spicer: Biodiversity: An Introduction
- 2. WT Edmondson: Freshwater Biology
- 3. VG Jhingran: Fish & Fisheries of India
- 4. EP Odum: Ecology
- 5. HBN Hynes: Freshwater Ecology
- WK Dodds: Freshwater Ecology
- 7. Rivers for Life: Managing water for people and nature, Sandra Postel, Brain D. Richter
- 8. Nautiyal P & Singh H R Biodiversity & Ecology of Aquatic Environments. Narendra Publishing House, New Delhi, 2009
- 9. Nautiyal et al Ecology & Diversity of Freshwater Environments Transmedia, Srinagar Garhwal, 2005

SOLS/Zool/C016 Endocrinology & Animal Behaviour

No. of Credits = 3

Endocrinology

UNIT I

Endocrine messengers: hormones, neurohormones, hormone like substances (neuronal peptides, autocoids, pheromones, neurosecretion).

Hormones and Physiological actions of the following endocrine glands in vertebrates: Thyroid, Parathyroid, Pancreas, Gastro-intestinal tract, Adrenal cortex and Medulla, Thymus & Pineal.

Hormone biosynthesis: Protein peptide hormones (gonadotrophins, thyrotrophin, corticotrophin, Steroids and catecholamines).

Mechanism of action of Protein hormones and Catecholamines: membrane bound receptors, G-protein and control of adynelate cyclase, Cyclic nucleotide cascade.

UNIT II

Organisation & physiological actions of the Testis: Androgen binding protein (ABP), Inhibin. Neurendocrine control of testicular functions (Gn RH regulation, FSH- effects on germinal epitheluim, LH-effects on Leydig cells, negative feed back regulation).

Organisation & physiological actions of the Ovary: Folliculogensis, Ovulaton, Luteinization, Ovarian cycles; Seasonal reproductive cycles; sexual dysfunctions in man.

Animal Behaviour

UNIT III

The science of behaviour: History, scope and terminology. Proximate and ultimate causes of behaviour.

Instinct: Definition and characteristics (sign stimuli and Fixed Action Pattern).

Learning behaviour: Definition. Spatial learning. Associative learning, classical conditioning, operant conditioning, language learning. Imprinting. Kin recognition. Instinct versus learning behaviour.

Timing of behaviour: Biological rhythms. The Biological Clock. Circadian rhythms and their synchronisation seasonal rhythms. Photoperiodism.

UNIT IV

Communication: Visual, olfactory, accoustic. Bird songs. Amphibian calls. Communication in bats.

(echolocation in bats, electrolocation in fish)

Chemoreception: Chemicals (pheromones) as signals in insects, fish and mammals. Role of olfaction in communication behaviour (territorial, sex recognition, feeding etc) in fish and mammals.

Neural control of behavior:

Components of brain involved in various behaviours. Neural control of drinking, learning, eating, activity & rest, sleep, aggression, sexual behaviour.

Hormonal Control of behaviour. Hormone brain relationships. Sexual behaviour in mammals (eg. rat).

Sociobiology: Elements of sociality and social grouping in animals.

- 1. Alcock: Animal behaviour Sinaur Associates, Inc. 1989.
- 2. Goodenough et al.: Perspectives on animal behaviour. Wiley & Sons, New Youk. 1993.
- 3. Grier: Biology of animal behaviour, Mosby 1984.
- 4. Krebs & Davies: An introduction to behavioural ecology (3rd ed.) Blackwell 1993.
- 5. Lehner: Handbook of ethological methods, Garland STPM Press, New York, 1979.
- 6. Halliday, T.R.: Animal Behaviour Vol. 1 & 2 Communication, 1983.
- 7. Saunders: Insect Clocks Pergamon Press. 1982.
- 8. Palmer: An Introduction to Biological Rhythms Academic Press New York.1976
- 9. Ross & Salisbury: Plant Physiology, Indian ed. (FOR BIOLOGICAL RHYTHMS)
- 10. Mac E. Hadley: Endocrinology, Prentice-Hall International ed.1988/1992.
- 11. G J Goldsworthy et al: Endocrinology, Blackie, 1981.
- 12. Maurice Goodman: Basic and Medical Endocrinology, Raven Press.
- 13. F.S. Greenspan & P.H. Forsham: Basic and Clinical Endocrinology Maruzen Asian Ed. Lange Medical Publ. USA, Singapore
- 14. Chester-Jones: Fundamentals of Comparative Vertebrate Endocrinology Plenum Press, New York & London, 1987.
- 15. P.J Bentley: Comparative Vertebrate Endocrinology S. Chand & Company Ltd, Ram Nagar New Delhi, 1980
- 16. Wilson Foster: Williams Textbook of Endocrinology, Seventh ed. Saunders International ed. London, 1985.

SOLS/Zool/C017 Biochemistry and Immunology

No. of Credits = 3

UNIT I

Enzymes: Classification (rationale, overview and specific example) Zymogens and their activation (protease and Prothrombin).

Enzyme substrate complex: concept of E-S complex, binding sites, active site, specificity, Lock and Key Hypothesis, Induced –Fit Hypothesis, Michaelis- Menten equation and its derivation, Different plots for the determination of Km and Vmax.

Carbohydrate Metabolism I: Pathway and regulation of Glycolysis, Gluconeogenesis, Glycogenolysis, Glycogenesis.

Carbohydrate Metabolism II: Citric acid cycle and its regulation, electron transport chain and oxidative phosphorylation, pentose phosphate pathway and its regulation.

UNIT II

Amino Acid Metabolism: Overview of Amino acid degradation, Urea cycle (conversion of ammonia into urea, linkage between urea cycle and citric acid cycle) and its regulation.

Conversion of nitrogen to ammonia by microorganisms, overview of amino-acid biosynthesis.

Fatty Acid Metabolism: Fatty Acid Oxidation and regulation β -oxidation, Oxidation of unsaturated fatty acids and odd chain fatty acids. β -oxidation in peroxisomes, ketone bodies and their overproduction.

Fatty Acid Biosynthesis and Regulation. Reactions of fatty acid synthase, synthesis of triglycerols, membrane phospholipids & prostaglandins.

Cholesterol biosynthesis and regulation.

UNIT III

Nucleic Acid Metabolism: Purine biosynthesis and its regulation, pyrimidine biosynthesis and its regulation. Formation of deoxyribonucleotides.

Salvage pathway for purine & pyramid in nucleotides, Degradation of purines and pyrimidines into uric acid and urea. Integration of Metabolism.

Overview of The Immune System. Cells and Organs of The Immune System. Antigens, Antigenicity versus Immunogenicity. Haptens & Epitopes

Immunoglobulins: Structure and Function. Major Histocompatibility Complex. Antigen processing and presentation. Structure and functions of BCR & TCR.

UNIT IV

Cytokines. The Complement System. Cell mediated cytotoxicity: Mechanism of T cell & NK cell mediated lysis. Ab-dependent cell mediated cytotoxicity (ADCC)

Overview of Hypersensititivity and Autoimmunity. Introduction to Transplantation.

Vaccines: Active and Passive Immunization

Introduction to Monoclonal Antibodies and Hybridoma technology.

Antigen-Antibody Interactions: Precipitation Reaction, Agglutination Reactions, RIA, ELISA,

Western Blotting, Immuno precipitation, Immuno-fluorescence.

Recommended Books

- 1. Lehninger: Principles of Biochemistry, 4th ed., Nelson & Cox, WH Freeman and Company, 2007
- 2. Voet & Voet: Biochemistry, 2nd ed., Wiley & Sons.
- 3. Berg, Tymoczko, Stryer: Biochemistry, 5th ed., WH Freeman and Company, 2003.
- 4. Garett & Grisham: Biochemistry, 4th ed., Brooks/Cole Cengage learning, 2010.
- 5. Murray, Granner, Rodwell: Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry, 27th ed. McGraw Hill, 2006
- 6. Conn & Stumpf: Outlines of Biochemistry, 5th ed., Willey India, 2007.
- 7. Kuby: Immunology (4th ed.).
- 8. Roitt, Male & Brostof: Immunology (3rd ed).
- 9. Elgert & Elgert : Immunology.
- 10. Wilson & Walker: Practical Biochemistry (4th ed.).
- 11. Rama Rao. Text Book of Biochemistry, UBSPD.

SOLS/Zool/C 018 Lab Course Based on C016 & C017

SOLS/Zool/E 04a Fishery Science

No. of Credits = 3

UNIT I

Aquaculture:

Scope, importance and present status.

Concept of different culture systems: Extensive and intensive fish culture,

Fish culture in ponds and reservoirs.

Culture in rice fields, bheries, Cage culture, Pen culture, Monoculture and polyculture.

Preparation and maintenance of fish farm: Fertility and pH maintenance. Role of fertilizers, required water quality and its maintenance.

Control of aquatic weeds, insects and predatory fishes.

Fish nutrition: Development of natural food and supplementary feeding.

Culture techniques Procurement of stocking material from natural sources, Induced breeding and use of new generation drugs, ovaprim, different hatching techniques.

Transport of fish seed.

UNIT II

Culture Practices:

Culture of Common carp and Exotic Trouts.;

Prawn culture.:

Sewage – fed Fisheries and Integrated fish farming

Common fish diseases and their control.;

Mahseer and Schizothoracid fishery. Current status, problems and perspectives.; Culture of Larvicidal fishes. Characters and importance

UNIT III

Harvesting and Post harvesting

Fishing gears used in inland waters and seas.;

Fish preservation and processing techniques.

Fish by-products and their uses.;

Fish spoilage: Causes of rigor mortis, precautions to control rancidity, microbial spoilage.;

Nutritive value of fish, biochemistry of fish flesh of Indian major carps.

Storage, transportation and marketing.

UNIT IV

Capture and Ornamental Fishery:

Rivers, Lakes, Dams / Reservoir fishery- Problems and perspectives in Capture fisheries.

Estuarine fishery. Characteristics and species dynamics.

Marine fishery: Coastal, Off shore and deep sea fishery.

Exclusive Economic Zone.

(Hilsa, Oil sardine, mackerel, Bombay duck, Sole, Ribbon, Shark and Rays).

Recreational fishery and Cooperative movements. Fish Farmers Development Agencies (FFDA). Climate change and fishery.; Major, Marine and freshwater ornamental fishes, their food & breeding needs.

Health management of ornamental fishes. Specific diseases and their cure.; Setting and maintenance of aquaria.

Recommended Books

- 1. S.K. Gupta, P.C. Gupta: General and Applied Ichthyology, S. Chand & Comp., 2006.
- 2. Vadapalli Satyanarayana: Fish Culture, Narendra Publ. House, 2002.
- 3. R.K. Rath: Freshwater Aquaculture, 2nd ed., Scientific Publishers, 2000.
- 4. Singh & Mittal: Dictionary of Aquaculture, Daya Publishing House, 1963.
- Tor G. Heggberget: The Role of Aquaculture in World Fisheries, Oxford University Press, 1996.
- 6. Jhingran V G: Fish and Fisheries of India. Hindustan Publication Corp.
- 7. V P Agarwal, Recent Advances in Aquaculture. Agarwal Printers Meerut.

SOLS/Zool/E 04b Applied Entomology

No. of Credits = 3

UNIT I

Insects in relation to man: sericulture, apiculture and lac culture and its parasites, predators and diseases. Insect of veterinary importance; sand fly, horse fly, sucking louse, fleas.

UNIT II

Brief knowledge of important household, vegetable, store grain and fruit pests with special reference to distribution, habits, habitat, nature of damage, life history and control.

Cut worm (Agrotis ipsilon)

Cabbage cateripillar (Pieris brassicae)

Rice weevil (Sitophilus oryzae)

Mustard aphid (Lipaphis erysimi)

Red cotton bug (Dysdercus cingulatus)

Woolly apply aphid (Eriosoma lanigerum)

Termite: important termites of Fam. Termatidae (Odontotermis sp.)

UNIT III

Origin of pests,

Insect pest control; mechanical, physical, culture, biological. Fenetical control: chemosterilants, radiation.

UNIT IV

Integrated Pest Management (IPM), Role of pheromones and hormones in insect pest management. Legislative control of insect pests and quarantine law.

Nomenclature and classification of insecticides on the basis of mode of action, chemical nature. Environmental factors influencing effectiveness of insecticides, persistence, biodegradability, hazards of insecticides, precaution and antidodes.

SOLS/Zool/E 04c Applied Environmental Biology

No. of Credits = 3

UNIT I

Air: Air pollutants (chemistry, sources & control); Air Quality standards, carbon credits, carbon footprint, Thermal pollution sources and effect.

Water: Biochemical aspects of water pollutants (domestic, industrial & agricultural

waste). Waste water treatment (Aerobic & anaerobic treatment processes); Water quality standards.

Case study-Ganga Action Plan.

Noise Pollution: Effects of noise and its control.

UNIT II

Radioactive fallouts its effects & safe disposal.

Solid waste management: Sources & control methods (composting, Vermi Culture, Biogas).

Hazardous waste & their management.

Bioremediation (herbicides, pesticides, hydrocarbons, oil spills).

Ecological Restoration: wasteland & its reclamation & restoration.

UNIT III

Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA): Case study of River valley projects & Mining.

Bioassay: Dose-response relationships; Frequency; Response & cumulative response; statistical concepts (LD50-potency v/s Toxicity).

Concept of hyper & hypo sensitivity factors affecting Toxicity.

UNIT IV

Ecological experimentation & models: Theories & hypothesis; experimentation; Inductive & deductive methods.

Models: Analytical & simulation models; Validation & verification.

Biological pest control: Use of predators; Parasites, parasitoids & pathogenes; Integrated Pest

Management.

SOLS/Zool/E 04d Applied Reproductive Biology

No. of Credits = 3

UNIT I

Wildlife Maps: Toposheet (use and interpretation), Satellite Imageries, Habitat mapping, Food, shelter and cover). Interpretation of Satellite data, GIS and GPS systems. Computers, softwares used for interpretation.

Wildlife Habitat Studies: Understanding forest types, quality and age. Vegetation structure and storeys. Techniques for the assessment of wildlife Habitat and vegetation cover (Quadrat, Transects, PCQ etc.).

UNIT II

Wildlife Census: Indirect signs of wildlife (Pallets, pug marks, hoof marks, scratches, dens, Burrows etc). Estimating Wildlife Populations: Transects in different habitats, landscapes. Transects for different groups of animals. Estimating wildlife in Himalayan Ecosystem. Camera traps in wildlife census and behavioural studies. Animal body signs and population estimation. Wildlife photography.

UNIT III

Capturing and Handling Wildlife: Types of traps and trap setting. Methods for Capturing carnivores, large and small mammals, birds, reptiles, ungulates, rodents, fishes.

Types of Darts and guns used in capturing wildlife. Drugs used for immobilizing wildlife. Antagonists used. Handling and care of captured wildlife animals.

Radio telemetry and collaring: Types of collars, radio tags (insects to large mammals).

Transmitters, radio receivers, antenna.

UNIT IV

Collection and preservation of samples (pallets, dungs, scats) from wild. Analyzing food contents. Application of biotechnology to Wildlife Conservation: Sample Collection and preservation. DNA extraction procedures and amplification. Ancient DNA extraction. Molecular marks used in amplification. Sequencing. Instruments used for setting up Conservation genetics laboratory.

SOLS/Zool/E 05a Methodology in Fishery Science

No. of Credits = 3

UNIT I

Habitat Ecology (Abiotic characteristics)

Physiography of pond, lake, streams, river, reservoir. Substrate conditions, hard and soft substrate, partied size sampling for determining abiotic conditions; sample type sampling frequency, sampling and preservation of water for laboratory analysis.

Methods for determining physical environment: Air and water temperature, current velocity, turbidity, transparency. Methods for estimation of chemical environment, pH conductivity DO, Free CO₂, Alkalinity, Hardness, Chlorides, Phosphate and Nitrate.

UNIT II

Habitat Ecology (Biological characteristic)

Qualitative analysis, Inventory of floral and faunal elements in aquatic ecosystems to class/order level.

Collection and quantitative analysis of biotic communities (density, % composition) plankton and benthic communities (periphyton, macro invertebrates). Multivariate analysis for comparing communities at different locations.

Computation of indices; species richness, species diversity, Margalef diversity index. Similarity index-lidentification of fish fauna (carps, catfish); use of keys, monographs.

UNIT III

Life history traits

History of Fisheries Science, Fish stocks; concept, test of homogeneity using morphometric and meristic analysis, truss analysis, molecular techniques.

Length-weight relationship, Relative Condition Factor, Quantitative estimation of dietary components; Numerical, volumetric, gravimetric, Points method.

Determining category of food (basic, secondary etc) and dietary habits (herb-omni, carnivore), feeding intensity (Gastrosomatic index, Kn).

Determining stages of sexual maturity (macroscopic and microscopic methods), size at first maturity, spawning season and frequency (Gonado-Somatic index) fecundity.

UNIT IV

Determination of age and growth in fishes by hard parts (Scale, otolith and operculum), Length frequency method. Identification of annuli, Growth rate, back calculation method.

Estimation of harvestable size of fish.

Fishery biology of snow trout and Golden mahseer.

Stock assessment, growth parameters, mortality exploitation rate and ratio. FiSAT software.

Fishing gears, Catch Per Unit Effort (CPUE).

Recommended Books

- 1. Nautiyal P: Methods in fisheries Science & Aquatic Ecology. Bishen Singh Mahendra Pal Singh, Dehradun 2019
- 2. Carlander: Handbook of Freshwater Fishery Biology, vol. 2, Iowa State Univ. Press, 1977.
- 3. Nautiyal P: The Golden Mahseer (A Threatened Fish of Himalaya). Lambert Academic Publishing, Amazon Distribution GmbH,, Leipzig,2012
- 4. Nautiyal P: (Compiled & Edited) Mahseer The Game Fish [Natural History, Status and Conservation practices in India and Nepal] Jagdamba Prakashan, Dehradun 1994
- 5. Bahuguna and Dobriyal, Biology of the ornamental fish Puntius conchonius (Ham. Buch.) NPH, Delhi, 2019

SOLS/Zool/E 05b Methodology in Entomology

No. of Credits = 3

UNIT I

Introductory Entomology

Research methodology in entomology in introduction. Role of entomology in agriculture (Beneficial and Harmful insects).

Medical entomology: Disease vectors (Mosquito, Sand fly, tsetse fly, pathogens, lifecycle and diseases).

Veterinary entomology: Vector insect (Ticks, Mites, Flies, pathogens, lifecycle and diseases). Forensic.

Entomology: Principle, Forensic entomological flies, use of human lice in forensic entomology, Importance.

UNIT II

Entomological techniques -I

Type of sampling survey, Different Collection Methods, Collection of wild flies and Domestic insects. Collecting Insect in the wild area-Tools and Equipments, Preparing and using baits, Collecting from natural substances, Collection permission from govt. agency like forest department State Biodiversity Board (SBB), National Biodiversity Authority (NAB), Transporting live adults or larvae.

UNIT III

Preservation of insects, classification of insects up to the level of families with hands-on experience in identifying the families of insects and Catalogues.

Insect Laboratory and rearing equipment, Experimental designs in field and Laboratory Observation techniques and Molecular techniques in insect taxonomy.

Mortality correction, Bioassay: Principles, Importance, Factor affecting, Procedures apparatus used.

UNIT IV

Entomological Techniques -II

Trophic relationships.

Use of ecological data, insect diversity: Indices, richness, rarity.

Population estimates.

Coexistence and Competition.

Distribution patterns.

Study of terrestrial/aquatic insect biodiversity, physic-chemical parameters of water (turbidity/transparency, velocity, pH, temperature, estimation of CO2, O2 hardness).

SOLS/Zool/E 05c Methodology in Environmental Biology

No. of Credits = 3

UNIT I

Importance and need of environmental research. Problem identification, objectives, significance, scope and limitations.

Literature survey. Importance and designing of the problem to be undertaken.

Field survey: Site selection, source selection for data acquisition.

Sampling strategies, Sample size, Frequency, Bias, Error. Project Report Preparation.

UNIT II

Measurement of solar radiation, wind velocity, air quality monitoring, measurement of oxides of nitrogen, carbon, sulphur, lead, tropospheric ozone, methane, aerosol, pesticide.

Stack sampling, sample collection for particulate matters (Dustfall collection, High volume sampler), indoor air pollutants (radon) measurement.

UNIT III

Water quality analysis: Measurement of water temperature, velocity, depth, transparency, dissolved oxygen, free carbon dioxide, pH, turbidity, hardness, alkalinity, BOD, COD, dissolved nutrients (Nitrates, phosphates, sodium, potassium, chloride, etc.), heavy metals.

Sampling methods for terrestrial flora and fauna (quadrate method).

UNIT IV

Sampling methods for aquatic fauna and flora (plankton, periphyton, micro and macroinvertebrates, nekton, etc.). Soil types, measurement of soil pH, water holding capacity, organic matter, soil nutrients (nitrate, nitrite, calcium and magnesium), Sampling of soil fauna.

Sampling of soil for microbial diversity.

Application of statistical Descriptive and regression analysis in Environmental Science: Parameteric and Nonparameteric Tests, Hypothesis testing, t-test, Z-test, F-test, multivariate test chi square test, Kruskal Wallis test. Statistical Foftwares: Excel, Statistica, SPSS, etc.

SOLS/Zool/E 05d Methodology in Reproductive Biology

No. of Credits = 3

UNIT I

Collection and cryopreservation of gametes and embryos; Assessment of sperm function; Capacitation.

In vitro fertilization.

Multiple ovulation & Embryo transfer technology for farm animals, artificial insemination.

Recovery and maturation of oocyte.

Assessment of reproductive cycles of wildlife in captive and natural conditions.

Reproductive Cycles of some endangered species. (musk deer, elephant, tiger, pheasants) and farm animals (cattle, sheep, goat and Pig). Real-time ultrasonic scanning.

Hormones of Pregnancy. Pregnancy tests.

UNIT II

Principles and methods of fertility control (rhythm method, diaphragm, condom, IUD, oral contraceptives, surgical intervention, pregnancy termination).

Immunoendocrinology, immunoreproduction and immunocontraception – basic principles;

candidate vaccines; Gamete antigens and their immuno contraceptive potential. Male and female infertility (causes and dignosis). Hysterosalpingeography, Laproscopy.

UNIT III

Captive breeding programs. Role of CZA in Conserving endangered wildlife. Techniques for improving reproductive efficiency. Superovlulatory response and associated factors. Infrastructure required to setup laboratory.

UNIT IV

Gene cloning and reproduction. Cloning of animals by nuclear transfer. Impact of artificial insemination technology. Embryo transfer and associate techniques. Factors influencing cloning techniques. Production and applications of transgenic animals and knock outs.

Bioethics

SOLS/Zool/E 06 Lab Course Based on E 04 a/b/c/d & E 05 a/b/c/d

M.Sc. Zoology 4th Sem.

Self Study Course

SOLS/Zool/SS 05 Cold Water Fisheries

No. of Credits = 3

UNIT I

Coldwater fisheries in India: Concept and scope.

Natural and man-made coldwater fishery resources, their distribution and extent in various states of India (Himalaya and Peninsular India).

Coldwater fish fauna in India and Nepal Himalaya and their threat status.

UNIT II

Source (glacier and spring fed) based classification of fluvial resources.

Origin based classification of lacustrine resources.

The physical and chemical environment of fluvial and lacustrine resources their characteristic biota and communities.

UNIT III

Coldwater capture fisheries in lotic and lentic ecosystems.

Coldwater culture fishery, history in India, cultivable fishes fundamentals of coldwater fish culture, fish farm for trout and mahseer.

Mahseer and trout culture techniques.

UNIT IV

Fish stocks, concept and importance in capture fishery.

Morphometric and meristic analysis for determining the homogeneity of stocks.

Life history traits of barils, mahseer, snow trout and exotic carps (common grass, silver).

Stock assessment features: growth parameters mortality, ratio and rate of exploitation.

Statistical techniques in fishery science.

Recommended Books

- 1. Singh H R & Lakra W S: Cold Water Aquaculture and Fisheries, Narendra Publication House, 2000.
- 2. Carlander: Handbook of Freshwater Fishery Biology, vol. 2, Iowa State Univ. Press,1977.
- 3. Nautiyal P: The Golden Mahseer (A Threatened Fish of Himalaya). Lambert Academic Publishing, Amazon Distribution GmbH,, Leipzig,2012
- 4. Nautiyal P: (Compiled & Edited) Mahseer The Game Fish [Natural History, Status and Conservation practices in India and Nepal] Jagdamba Prakashan, Dehradun 1994

SOLS/Zool/SS 06 Environmental Biotechnology

No. of Credits = 3

UNIT I

Environmental Biotechnology: Concept.

Air pollution and its control through Biotechnology (deodorization, reduction in CO₂ emission, bioscrubbers, biobeds, biofilters etc).

Water pollution and its controls: Sources of water pollution, waste water treatment-physical, chemical and biological processes (aerobic & anaerobic processes)

Solid waste: Sources and management (composting, vermiculture and biogas production)

UNIT II

Xenobiotics in Environment: Xenobiotic compounds, Recalcitrance, Bioleaching and Biomining.

Bioremediation: Types, in situ and ex situ bioremediation; Bioremediation for herbicides, Pesticides, hydrocarbons and oil spills

Hospital wastes, hazardous waste and their management.

Biopesticides in integrated pest management.

Biofertilizers.

UNIT III

Global Environmental Problems: Ozone depletion, UV-B, green-house effect and acid rain, their impact and biotechnological approaches for management.

Restoration of waste land/degraded ecosystem.

Industrial pollution and its control: Pulp & Paper, Tannery, Dairy and Petroleum.

Basic concepts of Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA)

Environment Management: Concept & Approaches

UNIT IV

Introduction to fermentation processes and types of fermentation

Microbial Growth Kinetics; Isolation, Preservation and Improvement of industrially important microorganisms

Production of solvents (Ethanol, Butanol), Antibiotics (Penicillin, Tetracycline) and Alcoholic beverages by fermentation.

. AKDobriyal, PNautiyal, BSBisht